

Name:		
Early Additive Part-Whole		Date achieved
I am learning to ...		I can ...
Knowledge		
• Read	Numbers to 1 000 333, 479, 983	
• Count	Forwards by ones, tens, and hundreds up to 1 000	
	Backwards by ones, tens, and hundreds from 1 000	
• Say	The number one more, 10 more, 100 more than numbers to 1 000	
	The number one less, 10 less, 100 less than numbers to 1 000	
• Order	Numbers to 1 000, then 10 000 1, 58, 376, 837	
• Read	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{1}{5}$ $\frac{1}{10}$	
• Order	Fractions with the same denominators $\frac{1}{4} > \frac{3}{4}$	
• Skip-count	Forwards and backwards in threes 3, 6, 9, 12, 15 \longrightarrow 30	
• Round	Three-digit numbers to the nearest 10 or 100 246 \longrightarrow 250 (nearest 10)	
• Know	Addition facts to 20 $12 + 8 = 20$ $11 + 9 = 20$	
Strategy		
• Solve + and - problems in my head by	Using doubles, for example, $8 + 7$ as $8 + 8 - 1$ Using fives, for example, $8 + 7$ as $5 + 3 + 5 + 2$ Using making tens, for example, $8 + 7$ as $10 + 5$ Using making tens, for example, $19 + 6$ as $20 + 5$, $29 + 8$ as $30 + 7$ Using place value, for example, $33 + 16$ as $30 + 10 + 3 + 6$	
• Use repeated addition to solve \times problems by	Twos $2 + 2 + 2 + 2 = 4 \times 2$ Threes $3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 = 5 \times 3$ Fours $4 + 4 + 4 = 3 \times 4$ Fives $5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 = 5 \times 5$ Tens $10 + 10 = 2 \times 10$	
• Find a fraction of a number by	Using repeated addition or subtraction, for example, $\frac{1}{3}$ of 12 as $4 + 4 + 4$ for example, $12 - 2 - 2 - 2 = 6$, $6 - 2 - 2 - 2 = 0$, $\frac{1}{3}$ of 12 is $2 + 2$	